Collaboration: In lab, we encourage collaboration and discussion as you work through the problems. These activities, like recitation, are meant to get you to review what we’ve learned, look at problems from a different perspective and allow you to ask questions about topics you don’t understand. We encourage discussing problems with your neighbors as you work through this lab!

Setup: Copy the lab code from our public directory to your private directory:

% cd private/15122
% cp -R /afs/qatar.cmu.edu/usr4/tjabban/public/Lab8/lab-rollcall.
% cd lab-rollcall

You should write your code in a new file, rollcall.c1, in the directory lab-rollcall.

Grading: Finish tasks (1.a), (1.b), and (1.c) for 2 points, and additionally finish (1.d) for all 3 points.

Using generic hash tables

In this lab, we’ll be using the object-oriented tables discussed in lecture last week, but we’ll be implementing a dictionary interface instead of the set interface.

```c
1 /*** Client interface ***/
2
3 // typedef ______ key;
4 typedef string key;
5
6 // typedef ______* value;
7 typedef void* value;
8
9 typedef bool key_equiv_fn(key x, key y);
10 typedef int key_hash_fn(key x);
11
12 /*** Library interface ***/
13
14 // typedef ______* hset_t;
15 typedef struct hset_header* hset_t;
16
17 hset_t hset_new(int capacity, key_equiv_fn* equiv, key_hash_fn* hash)
18    /*@requires capacity > 0 && equiv != NULL && hash != NULL; */
19    /*@ensures \result != NULL; */
20
21 value hset_lookup(hset_t H, key k)
22    /*@requires H != NULL; */
23
24 void hset_insert(hset_t H, key k, value v)
25    /*@requires H != NULL && v != NULL; */
26    /*@ensures hset_lookup(H, k) == v; */
```

Our sample application will be used in checking student attendance. Your code for this should go in the file rollcall.c1.
(1.a) Represent students as a struct with fields `andrew_id` (string), `days_present` (int), and `days_absent` (int). You can include other fields if you want, but you need these fields with these types.

Write a type definition so that you can allocate structs with `alloc(struct student_info)`.

(1.b) Write client functions for a hashtable based on student information. The hash function should create a hash value based only on the `andrew_id` string, and the equivalence function should check only the `andrew_id` fields for equality.

```c
1 int hash_student(string x);
2 bool students_same_andrewid(string x, string y);
```

(1.c) Write a function that initializes a `hset_t` with students that have no attendance record. Don't worry about what happens if there are duplicates in this array.

```c
1 hset_t new_roster(string[] andrew_ids, int len)
2 // @requires \(\text{length}(\text{andrew_ids}) == \text{len}\);
```

At this point, you should create a trivial `main()` function just to make sure your code compiles.

(1.d) Write functions that increment a student's attendance record and returns a student's attendance record.

```c
1 void mark_present(hset_t H, string andrew_id)
2 // @requires \(H \neq \text{NULL} \&\& \text{hset_lookup}(H, \text{id}) \neq \text{NULL}\);
3 4 void mark_absent(hset_t H, string andrew_id)
5 // @requires \(H \neq \text{NULL} \&\& \text{hset_lookup}(H, \text{id}) \neq \text{NULL}\);
```

These functions should manipulate the `days_present` and `days_absent` fields stored in the hash table, so that `hset_lookup` can access these fields later on.

You can compile and run your code with `test-rollcall.c`:

```
% cc0 -d hset.c1 rollcall.c1 test-rollcall.c1
% ./a.out
Enrolling bovik, rjsimmon, fp, and niveditc... done.
Student gburdell is not enrolled...
Student bovik is enrolled...
Student rjsimmon is enrolled...
Student twm is not enrolled...

Student bovik: 5 present, 4 absent...
Student rjsimmon: 8 present, 1 absent...
Student niveditc: 8 present, 1 absent...
Student fp: 2 present, 7 absent...
Done!
```